



Journal of the House

State of Indiana

122nd General Assembly

First Regular Session

Eighth Day

Tuesday Afternoon

February 2, 2021

The invocation was offered by Pam Russell of the Public Servant's Prayer.

The House convened at 2:30 p.m. with Speaker Todd M. Huston in the Chair.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was led by Representative Shackelford.

The Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called:

Abbott	Karickhoff
Andrade	King
Austin	Klinker
Aylesworth	Lauer
Baird	Ledbetter
Barrett	Lehe
Bartels	Lehman
Bartlett	Leonard
Bauer	Lindauer
Behning	Lucas
Borders	Lyness
Boy	Manning
Brown, T.	May
Campbell	Mayfield
Carbaugh	McNamara
Cherry	Miller
Clere	Moed
Cook	Morris
Davis	Morrison
Davisson	Moseley
DeVon	Negele
DeLaney	Nisly
Dvorak ☐	Olthoff
Eberhart ☐	Pack
Ellington	Payne
Engleman	Pfaff
Errington	Pierce
Fleming	Porter
Frye	Prescott
GiaQuinta	Pressel
Goodrich	Pryor
Gore	Rowray
Gutwein	Saunders
Hamilton	Schaibley
Harris	Shackelford
Hatcher	Slager
Hatfield	Smaltz
Heaton	Smith, V.
Heine	Snow
Hostettler	Soliday
Jackson	Speedy
Jacob	Steuerwald
Jeter	Sullivan
Johnson	Summers
Jordan	Teshka
Judy	Thompson

Torr
VanNatter
Vermilion
Wesco

J. Young ☐
Zent
Ziemke
Mr. Speaker

Roll Call 30: 97 present; 3 excused. The Speaker announced a quorum in attendance. [NOTE: ☐ indicates those who were excused.]

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that when we do adjourn, we adjourn until Thursday, February 4, 2021, at 10:00 a.m.

LEHMAN

The motion was adopted by a constitutional majority.

RESOLUTIONS ON FIRST READING

House Concurrent Resolution 8

Representative Zent introduced House Concurrent Resolution 8:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION to recognize the 100th anniversary of Disabled American Veterans and officially establish September 25, 2020, as Disabled American Veterans Day in Indiana.

Whereas, Disabled American Veterans (DAV) was founded by World War I veterans on September 25, 1920, and was chartered by an Act of Congress on June 17, 1932;

Whereas, In 2020, DAV celebrates 100 years of serving veterans of the armed forces, their families and survivors, and communities;

Whereas, DAV is dedicated to a single purpose: empowering veterans to lead high-quality lives with respect and dignity;

Whereas, DAV accomplishes this purpose by ensuring that veterans and their families have access to the full range of benefits available to them, by fighting for the interests of America's injured heroes, and by educating the public about the needs of veterans transitioning back to civilian life;

Whereas, DAV provides free, professional assistance to veterans and their families in obtaining benefits and services provided by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs and other agencies;

Whereas, DAV also provides outreach concerning its programs and services to the American people generally, and to disabled veterans and their families specifically;

Whereas, DAV represents the interests of disabled veterans, their families, their widowed spouses, and their orphans before the federal government as well as state and local governments;

Whereas, DAV has fought tirelessly for equal access to critical VA caregiver benefits and services for disabled veterans of all generations, resulting in legislation to expand eligibility to those injured prior to September 11, 2001, as part of the VA MISSION Act;

Whereas, DAV co-presents the National Disabled Veterans Winter Sports Clinic and National Disabled Veterans TEE Tournament; has organized the nationwide DAV Transportation Network to provide free transportation for veterans to VA medical appointments; operates an active Charitable Service Trust funding the needs of local providers assisting at-risk local veterans; has built an active volunteer corps offering thousands of hours of service to our veterans and communities; offers veterans, transitioning military members, and spouses access to employers through its nationwide job fair program; provides emergency assistance to veterans in need through the DAV Disaster Relief Program; and operates the Jesse Brown Memorial Youth Scholarship program to contribute to the lives of young Americans;

Whereas, DAV Department of Indiana and the 28 chapters across our state demonstrate their unending commitment to ill and injured veterans of all generations and conflicts; and

Whereas, The State of Indiana is proud to honor the members of the Disabled American Veterans: Therefore,

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives
of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,
the Senate concurring:*

SECTION 1. That we, the members of the 122nd General Assembly of the State of Indiana, in adopting this resolution, recognize the 100th anniversary of the DAV and officially establish September 25, 2020, as Disabled American Veterans Day in Indiana.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to the office of State Representative Dennis Zent for distribution

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsor: Senator Glick.

House Concurrent Resolution 9

Representatives Payne, Teshka, Jeter, Snow, Ellington, Morris, Davis, Lucas, Speedy, Prescott, Lindauer, Jacob, Thompson, Cherry, May, Eberhart, King, Lauer, Davisson, Slager, Zent, VanNatter, Gutwein, Abbott, Olthoff and Ledbetter introduced House Concurrent Resolution 9:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION directing the Congress of the United States to propose to the several states an amendment to the United States Constitution concerning the membership of the United States Supreme Court.

Whereas, Several Joint Resolutions have been proposed in the 116th Congress to amend the United States Constitution to provide that the United States Supreme Court consist of not more than nine (9) members;

Whereas, The Indiana General Assembly agrees with the intent of these Joint Resolutions; and

Whereas, The Indiana General Assembly supports the adoption and submission of such an amendment to the several states for ratification: Therefore,

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives
of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,
the Senate concurring:*

SECTION 1. That the Congress of the United States is directed to propose to the states the following amendment to the United States Constitution:

"The Supreme Court of the United States shall be composed of nine Justices."

SECTION 2. That certified copies of this resolution be sent to each of the following:

(1) The presiding officers of the Congress of the United

States.

(2) The Secretary of the Senate.

(3) The Clerk of the United States House of Representatives.

(4) The presiding officer of each chamber of each state legislature in the United States.

(5) The members of the Congress of the United States from the State of Indiana.

The resolution was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

House Concurrent Resolution 10

Representative Zent introduced House Concurrent Resolution 10:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION adding Indiana Veteran's Administration Medical Centers to the Center for Compassionate Innovation.

Whereas, The "signature wounds" of Iraq and Afghanistan are Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) and Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) and are significant health issues for Indiana veterans returning from service in Iraq and Afghanistan (Operation Enduring Freedom (OEF), Operation Iraqi Freedom (OIF), and Operation New Dawn (OND);

Whereas, Indiana has a veteran population of 392,388, and, given the large presence of the National Guard and Reserve units as well as VA Medical Centers in our communities, veterans' issues are important to us;

Whereas, Congress has passed and President Trump has signed the Commander John Scott Hannon Veterans Mental Health Care Improvement Act of 2019, S785. This bill calls for, among significant improvements to mental health care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs, partnerships with non-federal government entities to provide [SEC.702] hyperbaric oxygen therapy (HBOT) to veterans and studies on the use of such therapy for treatment of post traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) and traumatic brain injury (TBI);

Whereas, This legislation culminates more than a decade of effort to get Congressional support for HBOT for brain injuries;

Whereas, A patient can suffer a brain insult like TBI, PTSD, or PCS from any number of traumatic events, but the type of events that have drawn the most attention over this past decade relate to service in Iraq or Afghanistan after 9/11. Roadside bombs, enemy mortar attacks, convoys being shot at, exchanging gun fire while on foot patrol, and similar events were all over our televisions and newspapers. Our young veterans deserve to be cared for upon their return;

Whereas, A January 2012 study published by the Journal of Neurotrauma found that application of a lower-pressure protocol of 40 HBOTs at 1.5 ATA to a 16-subject cohort of military subjects with blast-induced chronic PCS and PTSD was found to be safe, and as a group the 15 subjects experienced notable improvements in symptoms. Sixty-four percent of the patients on psychoactive and narcotic prescription medications were able to decrease or eliminate use of these medications;

Whereas, Israel completed its hyperbaric oxygen trials last January at Asaf Harofeh Medical Center and Tel Aviv University, and findings suggest that hyperbaric oxidative treatment (HBOT) should be employed to repair the brain from traumatic brain injuries (TBI). The team illustrated and analyzed the dramatic improvements in brain function and quality of life following two months of HBOT treatment in 74 participants, from six to 36 months after the insult, whose condition was no longer improving prior to the treatment. Yet the neurological functions and life quality of almost all the

patients (more than 95%) were significantly improved after the HBOT sessions. Analyses of brain imaging (by SPECT scans) showed that the treatment led to an increase in brain activity in brain locations with neurons that stayed alive but did not have sufficient energy (blood supply) to function (generate firing of signals); and

Whereas, As it stands now, there are veterans who pay out of pocket for this treatment; and

Whereas, Indiana has several providers capable of providing hyperbaric oxygen therapy throughout the state: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives
of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,
the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly strongly urges the Indiana Congressional Delegation to urge the Veterans Administration to add the VA Medical Centers that support Hoosier veterans be added to the Center for Compassionate Innovation (CCI) that provides HBOT currently to veterans with TBI-PTSD.

SECTION 2. That the Indiana General Assembly strongly encourages these medical centers to contract with these providers to become a "preferred provider" of HBOT for existing FDA approved on-label services and off-label services. The VA should pay for treatment to these providers who have contracts for services under the "meaningful use" contract between them.

SECTION 3. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to Representative Zent for distribution.

The resolution was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Public Health.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill 1, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 4, line 4, delete "(a)".

Page 4, delete lines 10 through 28.

Page 5, line 5, delete "or".

Page 5, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(11) a nonprofit corporation; or".

Page 5, line 6, delete "(11)" and insert **"(12)".**

Page 5, line 14, delete "to the" and insert **"to another person; or".**

Page 5, delete line 15.

Page 5, delete lines 32 through 38.

(Reference is to SB 1 as reprinted January 27, 2021.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 4.

TORR, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Commerce, Small Business and Economic Development, to which was referred House Bill 1025, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1025 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 1.

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1114, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 16 through 17.

Page 2, line 1, delete "(7)" and insert **"(6)".**

Page 2, line 3, delete "(8)" and insert **"(7)".**

(Reference is to HB 1114 as introduced.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 5.

MILLER D, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Family, Children and Human Affairs, to which was referred House Bill 1118, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. IC 12-21-5-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.225-2019, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 6. (a) The division shall establish a standard format for an individualized mental health safety plan that may be disclosed without a patient's consent under IC 16-39-2-6(b).

(b) An individualized mental health safety plan format approved by the division under this section must:

(1) provide that a mental health provider develop the individualized mental health safety plan collaboratively with the patient; and

(2) include the following:

(A) The patient's name, address, and contact information.

(B) Early warning signs that a crisis may be developing.

(C) Internal coping strategies.

(D) Contact information for individuals and social settings that may provide distraction for the patient.

(E) Contact information for persons from whom the patient can ask for help.

(F) Contact information for professionals or agencies that the patient can contact at the onset of or during a crisis.

(G) A plan for making the environment safe for the patient.

(H) The one (1) thing that matters most to the patient and for which the patient considers life worth living.

(I) Other information identified by the division, **including issues concerning the patient's physical health.**

SECTION 2. IC 16-31-12-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.100-2019, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "mobile integrated healthcare" means community based health care in which paramedics and emergency medical technicians employed by an emergency medical services provider agency function outside of customary emergency response and transport to do the following:

(1) Facilitate more appropriate use of emergency care services.

(2) Enhance access to:

(A) primary care for medically underserved populations; or

(B) underutilized and appropriate health care services.

(b) The emergency medical services provider agency described in subsection (a) shall be operated by a city, town, or township in accordance with this chapter and under the guidance of the commission.

SECTION 3. IC 16-39-2-5.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.225-2019, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5.5. **(a)** Each psychiatric crisis center, psychiatric inpatient unit, and psychiatric residential treatment provider shall do the following:

(1) Collaboratively develop an individualized mental health safety plan with each patient.

(2) Explain the benefits of coordinating care and sharing individualized mental health safety plans with mental health providers in the community that can help with the patient's safe transition back into the community.

(3) Make a good faith effort before a patient leaves the facility at which the patient is receiving care to obtain the patient's consent to disclose the patient's individualized mental health safety plan with mental health providers, integrated school based mental health providers, **mobile integrated healthcare programs (as described in IC 16-31-12)**, and mental health community paramedicine programs that will be supporting the patient's safe transition back into the community and, if applicable, school.

(b) Upon disclosure of the patient's individualized mental health safety plan described in subsection (a), a mobile integrated healthcare program (as described in IC 16-31-12) or a mental health community paramedicine program may do the following:

(1) Help facilitate services that are determined to be necessary for a patient.

(2) Coordinate, cooperate, and communicate with other licensed mental health professionals, health care professionals, and service providers in the community to implement or continue the individualized mental health safety plan.

(3) Monitor the services to determine the effectiveness of the services.

(4) Adapt the patient's mental health safety plan as needed for the patient's welfare and safety.

SECTION 4. IC 16-39-2-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.45-2020, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 6. **(a)** Without the consent of the patient, the patient's mental health record may only be disclosed as follows:

(1) To individuals who meet the following conditions:

(A) Are employed by:

(i) the provider at the same facility or agency;

(ii) a managed care provider (as defined in IC 12-7-2-127); or

(iii) a health care provider or mental health care provider, if the mental health records are needed to provide health care or mental health services to the patient.

(B) Are involved in the planning, provision, and monitoring of services.

(2) To the extent necessary to obtain payment for services rendered or other benefits to which the patient may be entitled, as provided in IC 16-39-5-3.

(3) To the patient's court appointed counsel and to the Indiana protection and advocacy services commission.

(4) For research conducted in accordance with IC 16-39-5-3 and the rules of the division of mental health and addiction, the rules of the division of disability and rehabilitative services, the rules of the provider, or the rules of the Indiana archives and records administration

and the oversight committee on public records.

(5) To the division of mental health and addiction for the purpose of data collection, research, and monitoring managed care providers (as defined in IC 12-7-2-127) who are operating under a contract with the division of mental health and addiction.

(6) To the extent necessary to make reports or give testimony required by the statutes pertaining to admissions, transfers, discharges, and guardianship proceedings.

(7) To a law enforcement agency if any of the following conditions are met:

(A) A patient escapes from a facility to which the patient is committed under IC 12-26.

(B) The superintendent of the facility determines that failure to provide the information may result in bodily harm to the patient or another individual.

(C) A patient commits or threatens to commit a crime on facility premises or against facility personnel.

(D) A patient is in the custody of a law enforcement officer or agency for any reason and:

(i) the information to be released is limited to medications currently prescribed for the patient or to the patient's history of adverse medication reactions; and

(ii) the provider determines that the release of the medication information will assist in protecting the health, safety, or welfare of the patient.

Mental health records released under this clause must be maintained in confidence by the law enforcement agency receiving them.

(8) To a coroner or medical examiner, in the performance of the individual's duties.

(9) To a school in which the patient is enrolled if the superintendent of the facility determines that the information will assist the school in meeting educational needs of the patient.

(10) To the extent necessary to satisfy reporting requirements under the following statutes:

(A) IC 12-10-3-10.

(B) IC 12-24-17-5.

(C) IC 16-41-2-3.

(D) IC 31-25-3-2.

(E) IC 31-33-5-4.

(F) IC 34-30-16-2.

(G) IC 35-46-1-13.

(11) To the extent necessary to satisfy release of information requirements under the following statutes:

(A) IC 12-24-11-2.

(B) IC 12-24-12-3, IC 12-24-12-4, and IC 12-24-12-6.

(C) IC 12-26-11.

(12) To another health care provider in a health care emergency.

(13) For legitimate business purposes as described in IC 16-39-5-3.

(14) Under a court order under IC 16-39-3.

(15) With respect to records from a mental health or developmental disability facility, to the United States Secret Service if the following conditions are met:

(A) The request does not apply to alcohol or drug abuse records described in 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2 unless authorized by a court order under 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2(b)(2)(c).

(B) The request relates to the United States Secret Service's protective responsibility and investigative authority under 18 U.S.C. 3056, 18 U.S.C. 871, or 18 U.S.C. 879.

(C) The request specifies an individual patient.

(D) The director or superintendent of the facility determines that disclosure of the mental health record

may be necessary to protect a person under the protection of the United States Secret Service from serious bodily injury or death.

(E) The United States Secret Service agrees to only use the mental health record information for investigative purposes and not disclose the information publicly.

(F) The mental health record information disclosed to the United States Secret Service includes only:

- (i) the patient's name, age, and address;
- (ii) the date of the patient's admission to or discharge from the facility; and
- (iii) any information that indicates whether or not the patient has a history of violence or presents a danger to the person under protection.

(16) To the statewide waiver ombudsman established under IC 12-11-13, in the performance of the ombudsman's duties.

(b) If a licensed mental health professional, ~~or a licensed paramedic, a representative of a mobile integrated healthcare program (as described in IC 16-31-12), or a representative of a mental health community paramedicine program~~ in the course of rendering a treatment intervention, determines that a patient may be a harm to himself or herself or others, the licensed mental health professional, ~~or the licensed paramedic, the representative of the mobile integrated healthcare program (as described in IC 16-31-12), or the representative of the mental health community paramedicine program~~ may request a patient's individualized mental health safety plan from a psychiatric crisis center, psychiatric inpatient unit, or psychiatric residential treatment provider. Each psychiatric crisis center, psychiatric inpatient unit, and psychiatric residential treatment provider shall, upon request and without the consent of the patient, share a patient's individualized mental health safety plan that is in the standard format established by the division of mental health and addiction under IC 12-21-5-6 with the following individuals who demonstrate proof of licensure and commit to protecting the information in compliance with state and federal privacy laws:

- (1) A licensed mental health professional.
- (2) A licensed paramedic.
- (3) **A representative of a mobile integrated healthcare program (as described in IC 16-31-12).**
- (4) **A representative of a mental health community paramedicine program.**

An individualized mental health safety plan disclosed under this subsection may be used only to support a patient's welfare and safety and is considered otherwise confidential information under applicable state and federal laws.

(c) After information is disclosed under subsection (a)(15) and if the patient is evaluated to be dangerous, the records shall be interpreted in consultation with a licensed mental health professional on the staff of the United States Secret Service.

(d) A person who discloses information under subsection (a)(7), (a)(15), or (b) in good faith is immune from civil and criminal liability.

(Reference is to HB 1118 as introduced.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

DEVON, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred House Bill 1365, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between lines 11 and 12, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. "Ballot label" means **any of the following**:

(1) The printed strip or sheet of cardboard or paper, supplied for use on an electronic voting system, that contains the names of the candidates and the public questions on the ballot. ~~or~~

(2) The material, supplied for use with a ballot card voting system, that contains those names and questions.

(3) The digital image of the ballot on the screen of an electronic voting system or the interface of the marking device used with an optical scan voting system."

Page 4, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 9. IC 3-6-5-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 17. (a) Each county election board shall submit a report to the election division after each primary, special, municipal, and general election describing the activities of the board during the previous year. The board shall include the following in the report:

(1) Information relating to the expenses of office maintenance and elections within the county or political subdivisions within the county.

(2) A copy of the statement of the county election board containing the votes cast for each candidate and on each public question in each precinct at the last election preceding the submission of the report.

(3) Any additional information relating to elections that the commission prescribes.

(b) The report described in subsection (a) must be ~~postmarked, hand delivered, or~~ transmitted to the election division using the computerized list under IC 3-7-26.3 not later than fourteen (14) days after each election.

(c) The election division shall send a copy of each report to the office not later than ten (10) days after receiving the report.

SECTION 10. IC 3-6-5-17.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015, SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 17.5. (a) As required by 52 U.S.C. 20302(c), each county election board shall submit a report to the election division after each general election setting forth the combined number of absentee ballots:

(1) transmitted by the county election board to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters for the election; and

(2) returned by absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters and cast in the election.

(b) The report must be:

(1) ~~postmarked or hand delivered~~ **transmitted** to the election division **using the computerized list under IC 3-7-26.3** not later than fourteen (14) days after the election; and

(2) in the form prescribed by the federal Election Assistance Commission under Section 703(b) of HAVA (52 U.S.C. 20302 (note))."

Page 4, delete lines 14 through 30.

Page 5, delete lines 27 through 39, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 11. IC 3-6-8-2.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2.5. A watcher appointed under this chapter must be a registered voter of ~~the~~ **county: Indiana.**

SECTION 12. IC 3-6-9-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) An attorney-in-fact designated under section 2 of this chapter shall file with the circuit court clerk the names of the voters of the county or municipality who are to act as watchers in the precincts designated in the written statement.

(b) The attorney-in-fact may certify watchers from voters of the county or municipality without regard to precinct boundary lines.

(c) A watcher designated under this section:

(1) may not be a candidate to be voted for at the election, except as an unopposed candidate for precinct committeeman or state convention delegate; and

(2) must be a registered voter of ~~the county~~ **Indiana**.

SECTION 13. IC 3-7-26.3-36 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 36. (a) This section applies when a voter transfers the voter's registration from one (1) Indiana county to another Indiana county after an election but before the county voter registration official adds to the voter's registration record the information that the voter voted in an election under IC 3-10-1-31.2.

(b) The computerized list must allow the county voter registration official of the county where the voter voted in the election immediately before the voter transferred the voter's registration to the other Indiana county to add to the voter's registration record that the voter voted in the election even if the voter's registration is canceled in the county."

Page 8, delete lines 40 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 19. IC 3-7-46-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.5. (a) As used in this section, "correctional department" refers to an agency of the government of a state other than Indiana that has responsibility for the imprisonment of individuals who have been convicted of a crime.

(b) If the NVRA official receives information from a correctional department that an Indiana resident is currently imprisoned by the correctional department for conviction of a crime, the NVRA official shall notify the county voter registration office of the Indiana county in which the imprisoned individual is a resident of the information.

(c) If the information provided under subsection (b) indicates that the imprisoned individual is disfranchised under section 2 of this chapter, the county voter registration officer shall:

(1) remove the name of the individual from the voter registration records; and

(2) enter the date and other information regarding the cancellation into the computerized list under IC 3-7-26.3 on an expedited basis."

Page 9, delete lines 1 through 10.

Page 11, between lines 27 and 28, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 24. IC 3-10-1-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.58-2005, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 13. (a) The primary election paper ballots, ballot cards, and ballot labels on an electronic voting system of each political party must be of uniform size and of the same quality paper as the paper ballots, ballot cards, and ballot labels used at the general election.

(b) The primary election paper ballots, ballot cards, and ballot labels on an electronic voting system of a political party used in a precinct must contain the precinct number or designation on the ballot.

~~(b)~~ **(c) The paper ballots and ballot cards must be distinctively marked or be of a different color so that the ballots of each party are easily distinguishable.**

~~(c)~~ **(d) This subsection applies to all voting systems. All the candidates representing one (1) party shall be placed on one (1) ticket with the name of the party placed at the top or beginning of the ballot in the form prescribed by section 19 of this**

chapter."

Page 15, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 27. IC 3-10-1-31.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.225-2011, SECTION 45, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 31.2. (a) This subsection does not apply if a recount or contest is being conducted in a county. The county voter registration office shall complete the updating of the registration record under section 31.1 of this chapter not later than sixty (60) days after election day.

(b) If a recount or contest is being conducted in a county, the county voter registration office shall complete the updating of the registration record under section 31.1 of this chapter not later than sixty (60) days after the completion of the recount or contest and the issuance of an order under IC 3-12-6-22.5, IC 3-12-8-17, IC 3-12-11-18, or IC 3-12-12-19.

(c) This subsection applies to a voter who executes an affidavit under IC 3-10-11 and currently resides in an Indiana county different from the county where the voter is registered to vote. The county voter registration official in the county where the voter voted shall add to the voter's registration record in the computerized list established under IC 3-7-26.3 that the voter voted in the election before transferring the voter's registration to the county where the voter indicated the voter currently resides on the affidavit completed under IC 3-10-11."

Page 17, line 33, delete "a date specified in" and insert **"seventy-four (74) days before the date of the election"**.

Page 17, line 34, delete "the notice".

Page 17, after line 42, begin a new line blocked left and insert:

"After seventy-four (74) days before the date of the election, the ballot is considered approved and eligible for printing.

SECTION 36. IC 3-11-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 3. Each type of ballot must be:

(1) of uniform size;

(2) of the same quality and color of paper; and

(3) sufficiently thick that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back; and

(4) printed with the precinct number or designation of the precinct where the ballot is used.

SECTION 37. IC 3-11-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 14. (a) The following offices shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following order after the offices described in section 13 of this chapter:

(1) Retention of a local judge.

(2) Local nonpartisan judicial offices.

(b) These offices shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot.

(c) If the ballot contains a candidate for a local nonpartisan judicial office, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the candidate's name."

(d) If more than one (1) local nonpartisan judicial office is to be placed on the ballot, the office shall be placed on the ballot in alphabetical or numerical order, according to the designation given to the office. If there is more than one (1) candidate for a local nonpartisan judicial office, the candidates shall be listed in alphabetical order according to surname.

~~(d)~~ **(e) If more than one (1) question concerning the retention of a local judge is to be placed on a ballot, the questions shall be placed on the ballot:**

(1) in alphabetical order according to the surname of the

local judge; and

- (2) identifying the court (including division or room) in which the judge serves.

SECTION 38. IC 3-11-3-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 90, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the county election board shall deliver the following to each inspector or the inspector's representative:

- (1) The supplies provided for the inspector's precinct by the election division.
- (2) The sample ballots, the ballot labels, if any, and all poll lists, registration lists, and other supplies considered necessary to conduct the election in the inspector's precinct.
- (3) The ballots printed under the direction of the county election board as follows:
 - (A) In those precincts where ballot card voting systems are to be used, the number of ballots at least equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the number of voters in the inspector's precinct, according to the poll list.
 - (B) In those precincts where electronic voting systems are to be used, the number of ballots that will be required to be printed and furnished to the precincts for emergency purposes only.
 - (C) Provisional ballots in the number considered necessary by the county election board.
- (4) Twenty (20) ink pens suitable for printing the names of write-in candidates on the ballot or ballot envelope.
- (5) Copies of the voter's bill of rights for posting as required by 52 U.S.C. 21082.
- (6) Copies of the instructions for a provisional voter required by 52 U.S.C. 21082 **and IC 3-11.7-2-2**. The county election board shall provide at least the number of copies of the instructions as the number of provisional ballots provided under subdivision (3).
- (7) Copies of the notice for posting as required by IC 3-7-29-1(f).
- (8) The blank voter registration applications required to be provided under IC 3-7-48-7(b).
- (b) This subsection applies to a county that:
 - (1) has adopted an order under IC 3-7-29-6(a)(1); or
 - (2) is a vote center county under IC 3-11-18.1.

The county election board shall deliver and install the hardware, firmware, and software necessary to use an electronic poll book in each precinct or vote center."

Page 18, delete lines 15 through 31, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(c) ~~The commission~~, **A county election board or board of elections and registration**, by unanimous vote of its entire membership, may authorize ~~a person~~ **an individual** who is otherwise qualified to vote in person **and wishes to vote by absentee ballot to file an application for an absentee ballot** if the ~~commission board~~ determines that: ~~an~~

- (1) **during the last eleven (11) days before the election:**
 - (A) **the governor has declared a disaster emergency under IC 10-14-3-12; or**
 - (B) **the county has declared a local disaster emergency under IC 10-14-3-29;**
- (2) **the disaster emergency prevents the person individual from voting in person at a polling place; and**
- (3) **an absentee voter board can receive the voter's absentee ballot not later than 6 p.m. on election day.**

(d) The absentee ballots used in subsection (b) or (c) must be the same official absentee ballots as described in section ~~42.5~~ **15** of this chapter. Taking into consideration the amount of time remaining before the election, the commission, **the county election board, or the board of elections and registration** shall determine whether the absentee ballots are transmitted to and from the voter by **any of the following**:

- (1) Mail. ~~or personally delivered.~~

- (2) **Personal delivery.**

An absentee ballot that is personally delivered shall comply with the requirements in sections 19, 20, and 21 of this chapter."

Page 21, between lines 7 and 8, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(h) **The application form for an absentee ballot must enable the applicant to provide the applicant's electronic mail address. However, an applicant's failure to provide an electronic mail address is not a reason for denial of the absentee ballot application.**

SECTION 43. IC 3-11-4-17.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.157-2019, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 17.5. (a) Upon receiving an application for an absentee ballot, the county election board (or the absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk) shall determine if:

- (1) the applicant is a voter of the precinct in which the applicant resides, according to the records of the county voter registration office;
- (2) the information set forth on the application appears to be true;
- (3) the signature of the voter on the application substantially conforms with the signature of the voter on the voter registration record, or that any substantial difference between the signatures can be accounted for by age or disability of the voter or the execution of the affidavit by an individual acting under section 2(b) of this chapter; and
- (4) the application has been completed and filed in accordance with Indiana and federal law.

If the members of the absentee voter board are unable to agree about any of the determinations described in subdivisions (1) through (4), the issue shall be referred to the county election board for determination. If the application is submitted by a voter wanting to cast an absentee ballot under IC 3-11-10-26, the voter shall be permitted to cast a provisional ballot, which the county election board shall retain.

(b) If:

- (1) the applicant is not a voter of the precinct according to the registration record; or
- (2) the application as completed and filed:
 - (A) contains a false statement; or
 - (B) does not otherwise comply with Indiana or federal law;

as alleged under section 18.5 of this chapter, the county election board shall deny the application.

(c) A voter's failure to provide the information requested under section 5.1(d) of this chapter does not affect a voter's ability to receive an absentee ballot. A county election board may not deny an application because the voter has not provided the information requested under section 5.1(d) of this chapter as a part of the voter's application for an absentee ballot.

(d) **This subsection applies to an absentee ballot application submitted by an absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter. In accordance with 52 U.S.C. 20302(d);** If the application is denied, the county election board shall provide the voter with the reasons for the denial of the application. Unless the voter is present when the board denies the application, the board shall send a written notice stating the reasons for the denial to the voter. The notice must be sent:

- (1) not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the application is denied; and
- (2) to the voter:
 - (A) at the address at which the voter requested that the absentee ballot be mailed;
 - (B) **to the voter's electronic mail address, if the voter has provided an electronic mail address on the voter's absentee ballot application; or**
 - (C) **by personal delivery of the notice.**

(e) If the county election board determines that the applicant is a voter of the precinct under subsection (a), the board shall then determine whether:

- (1) the applicant was required to file any additional documentation under IC 3-7-33-4.5; and
- (2) the applicant has filed this documentation according to the records of the county voter registration office.

If the applicant has not filed the required documentation, the county election board shall approve the application if the application otherwise complies with this chapter. The board shall add a notation to the application and to the record compiled under section 17 of this chapter indicating that the applicant will be required to provide additional documentation to the county voter registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5 before the absentee ballot may be counted.

(f) If the applicant:

- (1) is a voter of the precinct according to the registration record; and
- (2) states on the application that the applicant resides at an address that is within the same precinct but is not the same address shown on the registration record;

the county election board shall direct the county voter registration office to transfer the applicant's voter registration address to the address within the precinct shown on the application. The applicant's application for an absentee ballot shall be approved if the applicant is otherwise eligible to receive the ballot under this chapter."

Page 29, between lines 7 and 8, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 47. IC 3-11-8-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 15. (a) Only the following persons are permitted in the polls during an election:

- (1) Members of a precinct election board.
- (2) Poll clerks and assistant poll clerks.
- (3) Election sheriffs.
- (4) Deputy election commissioners.
- (5) Pollbook holders and challengers.
- (6) Watchers.
- (7) Voters for the purposes of voting.
- (8) Minor children accompanying voters as provided under IC 3-11-11-8.
- (9) An assistant to a precinct election officer appointed under IC 3-6-6-39.
- (10) An individual authorized to assist a voter in accordance with IC 3-11-9.
- (11) A member of a county election board, acting on behalf of the board.
- (12) A mechanic authorized to act on behalf of a county election board to repair a voting system (if the mechanic bears credentials signed by each member of the board).
- (13) Either of the following who have been issued credentials signed by the members of the county election board:

- (A) The county chairman of a political party.
- (B) The county vice chairman of a political party.

However, a county chairman or a county vice chairman who is a candidate for nomination or election to office at the election may not enter the polls under this subdivision.

(14) The secretary of state, as chief election officer of the state, unless the individual serving as secretary of state is a candidate for nomination or election to an office at the election.

(b) Except for an individual described in subdivision (a)(8) or (a)(10), an individual must be a citizen of the United States to be permitted in the polls during an election.

(c) The secretary of state may exempt an individual from the requirement to be a United States citizen.

(d) This subsection applies to a simulated election for minors conducted with the authorization of the county election

board. An individual participating in the simulated election may be in the polls for the purpose of voting. A person supervising the simulated election may be in the polls to perform the supervision.

(e) The inspector of a precinct has authority over all simulated election activities conducted under subsection **(b)** **(d)** and shall ensure that the simulated election activities do not interfere with the election conducted in that polling place.

SECTION 48. IC 3-11-8-25.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 71, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 25.2. (a) The poll clerk or assistant poll clerk shall examine the list provided under IC 3-7-29-1 to determine if the county election board has indicated that the voter is required to provide additional personal identification under 52 U.S.C. 21083 and IC 3-7-33-4.5 before voting in person. If the list indicates that the voter is required to present this identification before voting in person, the poll clerk shall advise the voter that the voter must present, in addition to the proof of identification required by section 25.1(a) of this chapter, a piece of identification described in subsection (b) to the poll clerk.

(b) As required by 52 U.S.C. 21083, and in addition to the proof of identification required by section 25.1(a) of this chapter, a voter described by IC 3-7-33-4.5 who has not complied with IC 3-7-33-4.5 before appearing at the polls on election day must present one (1) of the following documents to the poll clerk:

- (1) A current and valid photo identification.
- (2) A current utility bill.
- (3) A current bank statement.
- (4) A current government check.
- (5) A current paycheck.
- (6) A current government document.

The document presented by the voter must show the name and residence address of the voter.

(c) If a voter presents a document under subsection (b), the poll clerk shall add a notation to the list indicating the type of document presented by the voter. The election division shall prescribe a standardized coding system to classify documents presented under this subsection for entry into the county voter registration system.

(d) If a voter required to present documentation under subsection (b) is unable to present the documentation to the poll clerk while present in the polls, the poll clerk shall notify the precinct election board. The board shall provide a provisional ballot to the voter under IC 3-11.7-2.

(e) The precinct election board shall advise the voter, both orally and in writing, that the voter may file a copy of the documentation with the county voter registration office to permit the provisional ballot to be counted under IC 3-11.7. The election division shall prescribe the form of the explanation required by this subsection.

(f) The circuit court clerk shall provide the notice required by IC 3-11.7-6-4 to a voter who casts a provisional ballot under this section."

Page 29, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 50. IC 3-11-10-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 120, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 25. (a) A voter who votes by absentee ballot because of:

- (1) illness or injury; or
- (2) caring for a confined person at a private residence;

and who is within the county on election day may vote before an absentee voter board or by mail.

(b) If requested by a voter described in subsection (a) or by a voter with disabilities whose precinct is not accessible to voters with disabilities, an absentee voter board shall visit the voter's place of confinement, the residence of the voter with disabilities, or the private residence:

- (1) during the regular office hours of the circuit court clerk;
- (2) at a time agreed to by the board and the voter;
- (3) on any of the nineteen (19) days immediately before election day; and
- (4) only once before an election, unless:
 - (A) the confined voter is unavailable at the time of the board's first visit due to a medical emergency; or
 - (B) the board, in its discretion, decides to make an additional visit.

(c) This subsection applies to a voter confined due to illness or injury. An absentee voter board may not be denied access to the voter's place of confinement if the board is present at the place of confinement at a time:

- (1) agreed to by the board and the voter; and
- (2) during the regular office hours of the circuit court clerk. A person who knowingly violates this subsection commits obstruction or interference with an election officer in the discharge of the officer's duty, a violation of IC 3-14-3-4.

(d) The county election board, by unanimous vote of the board's entire membership, may authorize an absentee voter board to visit a voter who is confined due to illness or injury and will be outside the county on election day in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (b).

(e) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voter casting an absentee ballot under this section must be:

- (1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
- (2) provided with the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the ballot; and
- (3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.

(f) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, when an absentee ballot is provided under this section, the board must also provide the voter with:

- (1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for an office; and
- (2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.

(g) This subsection applies to a voter who applies to vote an absentee ballot by mail. The county election board shall include a copy of the Absentee Voter's Bill of Rights with any absentee ballot mailed to the voter.

(h) An absentee voter board visiting a voter under this section may use an electronic poll book.

SECTION 51. IC 3-11-10-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019, SECTION 95, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 26. (a) This subsection applies to all counties, except for a county to which IC 3-6-5.2 applies. As an alternative to voting by mail, a voter is entitled to cast an absentee ballot before an absentee voter board at any of the following:

- (1) One (1) location of the office of the circuit court clerk designated by the circuit court clerk.
- (2) A satellite office established under section 26.3 of this chapter.

(b) This subsection applies to a county to which IC 3-6-5.2 applies. As an alternative to voting by mail, a voter is entitled to cast an absentee ballot before an absentee voter board at any of the following:

- (1) The office of the board of elections and registration.
- (2) A satellite office established under section 26.3 of this

chapter.

(c) Except for a location designated under subsection (a)(1), a location of the office of the circuit court clerk must be established as a satellite office under section 26.3 of this chapter in order to be used as a location at which a voter is entitled to cast an absentee ballot before an absentee voter board under this section.

(d) The voter must do the following before being permitted to vote:

(1) This subdivision does not apply to a county that uses electronic poll books for voting under this section. Sign an application on the form prescribed by the election division under IC 3-11-4-5.1. The application must be received by the circuit court clerk not later than the time prescribed by IC 3-11-4-3.

(2) This subdivision applies only to a county that uses electronic poll books for voting under this section and in which the ballot is cast on an electronic voting system. The voter must do the following:

(A) If the county election board has prescribed an affidavit under subsection (e) that includes a unique identifier to comply with section 26.2(c)(3) of this chapter, make and subscribe to the affidavit.

(B) Sign the electronic poll book.

(C) Provide proof of identification.

(3) This subdivision applies only to a county that uses electronic poll books for voting under this section and in which the ballot is cast on an optical scan voting system. The voter must do the following:

(A) Sign the electronic poll book.

(B) Provide proof of identification.

(C) Sign the affidavit prescribed by section 29 of this chapter.

(e) The county election board may:

- (1) prescribe an affidavit that includes a unique identifier; or
- (2) establish a procedure to produce a document, label, or electronic record that is associated with each voter and includes a unique identifier;

to comply with section 26.2(c)(3) of this chapter. After the county election board approves an affidavit or procedure described in this subsection and before the affidavit or procedure is used in an election, the county election board shall file a copy of the affidavit or a brief description of the procedure with the election division to assist the state recount commission in conducting proceedings under IC 3-12-11.

(f) The voter may vote before the board not more than twenty-eight (28) days nor later than noon on the day before election day. If the close of a voter registration period is transferred under IC 3-5-4-1.5 from twenty-nine (29) days to a later date due to the Columbus Day holiday, the voter may vote before the board on the first day following the day on which the voter registration period closes.

(g) An absent uniformed services voter who is eligible to vote by absentee ballot in the circuit court clerk's office under IC 3-7-36-14 may vote before the board not earlier than twenty-eight (28) days before the election and not later than noon on election day. If the close of a voter registration period is transferred under IC 3-5-4-1.5 from twenty-nine (29) days to a later date due to the Columbus Day holiday, the voter may vote before the board on the first day following the day on which the voter registration period closes. If a voter described by this subsection wishes to cast an absentee ballot during the period beginning at noon on the day before election day and ending at noon on election day, the county election board or absentee voter board may receive and process the ballot at a location designated by resolution of the county election board.

(h) The absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk must permit voters to cast absentee ballots under this section for at least seven (7) hours on each of the two (2)

Saturdays preceding election day.

(i) Notwithstanding subsection (h), in a county with a population of less than twenty thousand (20,000), the absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk, with the approval of the county election board, may reduce the number of hours available to cast absentee ballots under this section to a minimum of four (4) hours on each of the two (2) Saturdays preceding election day.

(j) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voter casting an absentee ballot under this section must be:

- (1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
- (2) provided with the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the ballot; and
- (3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.

(k) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, when an absentee ballot is provided under this section, the board must also provide the voter with:

- (1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for an office; and
- (2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.

(l) If:

- (1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of identification; or
- (2) a member of the board determines that the proof of identification provided by the voter does not qualify as proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;

the voter shall be permitted to cast a provisional ballot.

(m) This subsection applies to a voter who casts an absentee ballot that is treated as a provisional ballot under subsection (l). The board shall provide the voter, both orally and in writing, an explanation of what actions, if any, the voter must take in order to have the voter's ballot counted. The election division shall prescribe the form of the explanation required by this subsection. The circuit court clerk shall also provide the notice required by IC 3-11.7-6-4 to the voter.

~~(m)~~ **(n)** A voter casting an absentee ballot under this section is entitled to cast the voter's ballot in accordance with IC 3-11-9.

~~(m)~~ **(o)** In a primary election, a voter casting an absentee ballot under this chapter may not change the voter's choice of the voter's political party after the voter has been mailed or otherwise provided with a primary ballot containing the candidates of that party."

Page 31, between lines 40 and 41, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 53. IC 3-11-11-10.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 10.5. (a) At a primary election, a voter may not remain in the voting booth longer than ~~three (3)~~ **five (5)** minutes.

(b) At a general, municipal, or special election, a voter may not remain in the voting booth longer than ~~two (2)~~ **four (4)** minutes.

(c) If a voter refuses to leave the voting booth after the lapse of the time provided under subsection (a) or (b), the precinct election board, or the election sheriff or sheriffs upon the order of the board, shall immediately remove the voter from the booth."

Page 32, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 58. IC 3-11-13-11, AS AMENDED BY

P.L.141-2020, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.

(b) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The county may:

- (1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and
- (2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.

(c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).

(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.

(e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), ~~and~~ IC 3-11-2-14(d), **and IC 3-11-2-14(e)**. The offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally and on a number of separate pages.

(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate:

- (1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.
- (2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.

(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:

- (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last election is listed first.
- (2) The major political party whose candidate received the second highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is listed second.
- (3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).
- (4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last election or a nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
- (5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
- (6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if

required by law.

(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the ballot.

(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's political party, or the word "Independent" if the:

(1) candidate; or

(2) ticket of candidates for:

(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or

(B) governor and lieutenant governor;

is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.

(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision must be grouped together:

(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;

(2) in the order established by subsection (g); and

(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office."

(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body of a school corporation must be grouped:

(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking; and

(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office."

(k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:

(1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.

(2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).

(l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by:

(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6); and

(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-5).

The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this section and proceed to voting the ballot by office."

(m) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot card that contains

language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.

(n) The requirements in this section:

(1) do not replace; and

(2) are in addition to;

any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots.

(o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.

(p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not list:

(1) the names of political parties or candidates; or

(2) the text of public questions;

on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.

SECTION 59. IC 3-11-13-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 126, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 19. **(a) Each circuit court clerk shall have printed on each ballot used in a precinct the precinct number or designation.**

~~(a)~~ **(b)** Except as provided in subsections ~~(b)~~ and **(c)** and **(d)**, each circuit court clerk shall print or stamp the precinct number or designation and a line for each poll clerk's initials on both a ballot card and the ballot card's secrecy envelope before the election.

~~(b)~~ **(c)** In a vote center county using an electronic poll list, the circuit court clerk shall not print or stamp the poll clerk's initials required by subsection ~~(a)~~ **(b)** if the printed initials of the poll clerks captured through the electronic signature pad or tablet at the time the poll clerks log into the electronic poll book system are printed by a printer separate from the electronic poll list on the back of each ballot card immediately before the ballot card is delivered to the voter.

~~(c)~~ **(d)** In a vote center county using an electronic poll book, the circuit court clerk may print or stamp the precinct number or designation:

(1) before the election as provided by subsection ~~(a)~~ **(b)**; or

(2) at the time the ballot card is printed immediately before the ballot card is delivered to a voter as provided by subsection ~~(b)~~ **(c)**.

SECTION 60. IC 3-11-13-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 128, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 24. (a) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. The test required by section 22 of this chapter must:

(1) be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ballot cards marked so as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each public question; ~~and~~

(2) include for each office one (1) or more ballot cards that have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating machines to reject the votes; ~~and~~

(3) include at least one (1) ballot from three (3) different precincts where an election will be conducted.

(b) This subsection applies to a voting system that includes features of a ballot card voting system and a direct record electronic voting system. The test required by section 22 of this chapter must:

(1) be conducted by the entry of:

(A) a preaudited group of ballots; and

(B) at least ten (10) ballots cast by using the headphone or a sip/puff device;

so as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for

each candidate and on each public question; and
 (2) include at least one (1) ballot for each office and public question that has votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the voting system to reject the overvotes.

SECTION 61. IC 3-11-13-24.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 24.5. Immediately following the completion of the test required by section 22 of this chapter, the county election board shall enter the vote totals from the voting system tabulator tested under this chapter into the component of the voting system used by the county election board to tabulate and canvass the election results under IC 3-12-4. The board shall determine whether the component of the voting system properly tabulates and determines:**

- (1) the votes cast in each of the precincts; and**
- (2) the total for each candidate and public question on the ballots tested under this chapter.**

SECTION 62. IC 3-11-13-32.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 32.5. (a)** At a primary election, a voter may not remain in the voting booth or compartment longer than ~~three (3)~~ **five (5)** minutes.

(b) At a general, municipal, or special election, a voter may not remain in the voting booth or compartment longer than ~~two (2)~~ **four (4)** minutes.

(c) If a voter refuses to leave a voting booth or compartment after the lapse of the time provided under subsection (a) or (b), the precinct election board, or the election sheriff or sheriffs upon the order of the board, shall immediately remove the voter from the booth or compartment.

SECTION 63. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2020, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: **Sec. 3.5. (a)** Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.

- (b)** The county may
 - ~~(1)~~ print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label. ~~and~~
 - ~~(2)~~ include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.

(c) The county shall include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.

~~(e)~~ **(d)** Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).

~~(d)~~ **(e)** The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.

~~(e)~~ **(f)** The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.4, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). Each office and public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally.

~~(f)~~ **(g)** The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate:

(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", if only one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.

(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for any candidate for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.", if more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to the office.

~~(g)~~ **(h)** Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection ~~(f)~~ **(g)**, the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:

(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last election is listed first.

(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is listed second.

(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).

(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last election or a nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).

(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.

(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for federal offices.

(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the ballot.

~~(h)~~ **(i)** The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by subsection ~~(g)~~ **(h)** must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's political party, or the word "Independent", if the:

(1) candidate; or

(2) ticket of candidates for:

(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or

(B) governor and lieutenant governor;

is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.

~~(i)~~ **(j)** All the candidates of the same political party for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision must be grouped together:

(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;

(2) in the party order established by subsection ~~(g)~~ **(h)**; and

(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office."

~~(j)~~ **(k)** Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body of a school corporation must be grouped:

(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking; and

(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.

A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office."

(~~h~~) **(l)** The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public question is listed.

(~~h~~) **(m)** The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e) may be:

- (1) placed on the ballot label; or
- (2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.

(~~m~~) **(n)** The ballot label must include a touch sensitive point or button for voting a straight political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button must be identified by:

- (1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and
- (2) immediately below or beside the political party's or independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-5).

The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (~~g~~) **(h)** for listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 must be placed on the ballot label. The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must include the statement: "If you do not wish to vote a straight party ticket, press "NEXT" (or replace "NEXT" with the term used by that voting system to permit a voter to skip a ballot screen) to continue voting."

(~~n~~) **(o)** A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.

(~~o~~) **(p)** The requirements in this section:

- (1) do not replace; and
- (2) are in addition to;

any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic voting systems.

(~~p~~) **(q)** The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.

SECTION 64. IC 3-11-14-26 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 26. At a primary election, a voter may not remain in the voting booth longer than ~~three (3)~~ **five (5)** minutes.

SECTION 65. IC 3-11-14-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 27. At a general, municipal, or special election, a voter may not remain in the voting booth longer than ~~two (2)~~ **four (4)** minutes.

SECTION 66. IC 3-11-14-5-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 91, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 5. **(a)** The test required by this chapter must include the following:

- (1) The visual inspection of the voting system and ballot labels.
- (2) The manual entry of a preaudited group of ballots marked so as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each public question.
- (3) At least one (1) ballot for each office that has votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the electronic voting system to reject the overvotes.

(b) The test required by this chapter must include the entry of a preaudited group of at least one (1) ballot from three (3) different precincts where an election will be conducted to:

(1) test the functionality of the system components used by a voter with disabilities to independently and privately cast a ballot; and

(2) record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each public question."

Page 33, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 78. IC 3-11-15-59, AS ADDED BY P.L.100-2018, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 59. (a) Whenever a county wishes to dispose of a voting system unit or an electronic poll book unit, the county election board must first file a plan with the election division. The plan must state **all of the following:**

(1) The serial number of each unit to be disposed of by the county.

(2) The method to be used for disposal of the equipment, including sale, transfer, or destruction of the equipment and **the details about how the equipment will be disposed of.**

(3) That the disposal will occur in compliance with federal and state laws requiring the retention of election materials until the expiration of the period specified by those laws.

(4) The details regarding the person that will dispose of the equipment.

(b) If the election division approves the proposed plan, the election division shall notify:

(1) the county election board, which may then dispose of the equipment; and

(2) the voting system technical oversight program (VSTOP) (established by IC 3-11-16-2).

(c) A county may not dispose of a voting system unit or an electronic poll book unit by selling, transferring, or otherwise surrendering ownership to a person to which a voting system vendor is prohibited to sell, lease, or transfer possession of a voting system under section 60 of this chapter.

(d) A plan filed with the election division under this section is confidential.

SECTION 79. IC 3-11-15-61 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 61. **(a) This section does not apply to an electronic poll book.**

(b) A computer or electronic device used:

- (1) to create the layout of a ballot for an election;**
- (2) to program a voting system, electronic voting system, or ballot card voting system; or**
- (3) with election management software certified for use as part of a voting system;**

may not be connected to the Internet or any network that connects to another computer or electronic device."

Page 41, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 82. IC 3-11-7-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.157-2019, SECTION 36, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 2. (a) A provisional voter shall do the following:

(1) Execute the affidavit described in IC 3-10-1-9 or IC 3-11-8-23.

(2) Sign the poll list.

(3) Mark the ballot in the presence of no other person, unless the voter requests help in marking a ballot under IC 3-11-9.

(4) Fold each ballot separately.

(5) Fold each ballot so as to conceal the marking.

(6) Enclose each ballot, with the seal and signature of the

circuit court clerk on the outside, together with any unused ballot, in the envelope provided by the county election board under IC 3-11.7-1-8.

(7) Securely seal the envelope.

(b) A provisional voter may mark a ballot with a pen or a lead pencil.

(c) This subsection applies to a provisional voter described in section 1(a)(1), 1(a)(2), or 1(a)(3) of this chapter. As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21082, a precinct election officer shall give the provisional voter a copy of the written instructions prescribed by the county election board under IC 3-11.7-6-3 after the voter returns the envelope containing the provisional voter's ballots.

(d) This subsection applies to a provisional voter described in section 1(a) or 1(b) of this chapter. In addition to the written instructions required by subsection (c), a precinct election officer shall provide the provisional voter, both orally and in writing, an explanation of what actions, if any, the provisional voter must take in order to have the provisional voter's ballot counted. The election division shall prescribe the form of the explanation required by this subsection. The circuit court clerk shall also provide the notice required by IC 3-11.7-6-4 to the provisional voter."

Page 42, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 84. IC 3-11.7-6-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 4. (a) Not later than three (3) calendar days after election day, the circuit court clerk shall provide a notice containing the following information to each voter who casts a provisional ballot:

(1) The reason or reasons that the voter's ballot is being treated as a provisional ballot.

(2) A description of what actions, if any, the provisional voter must take in order to have the provisional voter's ballot counted under this article.

(3) The deadlines by which the provisional voter is required to take any actions described in subdivision (2) in order to have the provisional voter's ballot counted under this article.

(4) The following information that will enable the provisional voter to inquire about the provisional voter's ballot:

(A) The name of the office that the provisional voter may contact.

(B) The address of the office described in clause (A).

(C) The telephone number at the office described in clause (A) that the voter may use to contact the office about the voter's provisional ballot.

(D) Any other information the circuit court clerk considers useful to provide assistance to the provisional voter in inquiring about the provisional ballot.

(b) The notice required by subsection (a) must be:

(1) sent by first class United States mail; or

(2) given by another method the circuit court clerk determines will provide actual notice to the voter.

(c) The notice required by subsection (a) must be in a form prescribed by the election division."

Page 45, line 16, after "after" insert **"the polls close on"**.

Page 49, line 34, after "after" insert **"the polls close on"**.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1365 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 4.

WESCO, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Commerce, Small Business and Economic Development, to which was referred House Bill 1416, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, line 37, delete "eight thousand five hundred dollars (\$8,500)." and insert **"five thousand dollars (\$5,000)."**

Page 3, line 42, delete "five thousand dollars (\$5,000)." and insert **"eight thousand five hundred dollars (\$8,500)."**

Page 4, delete lines 1 through 8.

Page 4, line 9, delete "(d)" and insert **"(c)"**.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1416 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 1.

MORRIS, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Commerce, Small Business and Economic Development, to which was referred House Bill 1418, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 14, after line 15, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 5-28-41.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]:

Chapter 41.5. Corporation Accountability

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "corporation" means the Indiana economic development corporation established by IC 5-28-3-1 and the Indiana destination development corporation established by IC 5-33-3-1.

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "covered business" means any person or entity that receives incentives.

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "covered person" means the governor, the lieutenant governor, or any other person employed by state or local government.

Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "economic development expenses" means travel, food, beverage, and entertainment expenses of a covered person made in connection with economic development, job creation, or job retention in Indiana.

Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "incentive" means a tax credit, tax deduction, grant, loan, or loan guarantee that a statute authorizes state or local government to award or approve for the purpose of encouraging the creation or retention of jobs in Indiana.

Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "political subdivision" has the meaning set forth in IC 5-11-10.5-1.

Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "state or local government" means a branch, department, agency, instrumentality, official, or other individual or entity acting under the color of law of state government, a political subdivision, or an instrumentality of state government, including a body politic, a body corporate and politic, or any other similar entity established by law.

Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "success fee" means any payment that is contingent upon the award of an incentive.

Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "third party compensation" means any payment, compensation, bonus, or gift to a covered business or covered person from any person or entity other than a state or local government. Third party compensation does not include a contribution as defined under IC 3-5-2-15.

Sec. 10. (a) A covered business shall disclose the source and amount of a success fee in relation to the award of incentives.

(b) A covered person shall disclose the source and amount of third party compensation made in connection with the covered person's performance in state or local government.

(c) A corporation shall disclose the source and amount of any economic development expenses paid for by a nongovernmental third party for the benefit of the corporation.

(d) A corporation shall disclose the terms of any contract for, or payment of, incentives made by a political subdivision that is not already covered under IC 5-28-5-9.

Sec. 11. (a) The corporation shall make the disclosures required under section 10 of this chapter on a quarterly basis to the auditor of state and on the Indiana transparency portal Internet web site.

(b) The corporation shall make the disclosures within thirty (30) days of the end of each state fiscal year quarter as follows:

(1) Within thirty (30) days of the quarter ending September 30 of a year.

(2) Within thirty (30) days of the quarter ending December 31 of a year.

(3) Within thirty (30) days of the quarter ending March 31 of a year.

(4) Within thirty (30) days of the quarter ending June 30 of a year.

Sec. 12. Failure to comply with the disclosure requirements under section 10 of this chapter shall result in the disgorgement of all undisclosed compensation and incentives, which will be paid to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state general fund.

Sec. 13. The auditor of state may prescribe forms, rules, and procedures to implement this chapter.

Sec. 14. The office of the attorney general shall enforce this chapter."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1418 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 2.

MORRIS, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Commerce, Small Business and Economic Development, to which was referred House Bill 1464, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1464 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 13, Nays 0.

MORRIS, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1498, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 5-3-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.147-2016, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2021]: Sec. 1. (a) The cost of all public notice advertising which any elected or appointed

public official or governmental agency is required by law to have published, or orders published, for which the compensation to the newspapers, locality newspapers, or qualified publications publishing such advertising is drawn from and is the ultimate obligation of the public treasury of the governmental unit concerned with the advertising shall be charged to and collected from the proper fund of the public treasury and paid over to the newspapers, locality newspapers, or qualified publications publishing such advertising, after proof of publication and claim for payment has been filed.

(b) The basic charges for publishing public notice advertising shall be by the line and shall be computed based on a square of two hundred and fifty (250) ems at the following rates:

(1) Before January 1, 1996, three dollars and thirty cents (\$3.30) per square for the first insertion in newspapers or qualified publications plus one dollar and sixty-five cents (\$1.65) per square for each additional insertion in newspapers, or qualified publications.

(2) After December 31, 1995, and before December 31, 2005, a newspaper or qualified publication may, effective January 1 of any year, increase the basic charges by five percent (5%) more than the basic charges that were in effect during the previous year. However, the basic charges for the first insertion of a public notice in a newspaper, or qualified publication may not exceed the lowest classified advertising rate charged to advertisers by the newspaper, or qualified publication for comparable use of the same amount of space for other purposes.

(3) After December 31, 2009, and before January 1, 2017, a newspaper or qualified publication may, effective January 1 of any year, increase the basic charges by not more than two and three-quarters percent (2.75%) more than the basic charges that were in effect during the previous year. However, the basic charges for the first insertion of a public notice in a newspaper or qualified publication may not exceed the lowest classified advertising rate charged to advertisers by the newspaper or qualified publication for comparable use of the same amount of space for other purposes and must include all multiple insertion discounts extended to the newspaper's other advertisers.

(4) After December 31, 2016, a newspaper, locality newspaper, or qualified publication may, effective January 1 of any year, increase the basic charges by not more than two and three-quarters percent (2.75%) more than the basic charges that were in effect during the previous year. However, the basic charges for the first insertion of a public notice in a newspaper, locality newspaper, or qualified publication may not exceed the lowest classified advertising rate charged to advertisers by the newspaper, locality newspaper, or qualified publication for comparable use of the same amount of space for other purposes and must include all multiple insertion discounts extended to the newspaper's, locality newspaper's, or qualified publication's other advertisers.

An additional charge of fifty percent (50%) shall be allowed for the publication of all public notice advertising containing rule or tabular work.

(c) All public notice advertisements shall be set in solid type that is at least 7 point type, without any leads or other devices for increasing space. All public notice advertisements shall be headed by not more than two (2) lines, neither of which shall total more than four (4) solid lines of the type in which the body of the advertisement is set. Public notice advertisements may be submitted by an appointed or elected official or a governmental agency to a newspaper, locality newspaper, or qualified publication in electronic form, if the newspaper, locality newspaper, or qualified publication is equipped to accept information in compatible electronic form.

(d) Each newspaper, locality newspaper, or qualified

publication publishing public notice advertising shall submit proof of publication and claim for payment in duplicate on each public notice advertisement published. For each additional proof of publication required by a public official, a charge of one dollar (\$1) per copy shall be allowed each newspaper, locality newspaper, or qualified publication furnishing proof of publication.

(e) The circulation of a newspaper, locality newspaper, or qualified publication is determined as follows:

(1) For a newspaper, by the circulation stated on line 10.C. (Total Paid and/or Requested Circulation of Single Issue Published Nearest to Filing Date) of the Statement of Ownership, Management and Circulation required by 39 U.S.C. 3685 that was filed during the previous year.

(2) For a locality newspaper, by a verified affidavit filed with each agency, department, or office of the political subdivision that has public notices the locality newspaper wants to publish. The affidavit must:

(A) be filed with the agency, department, or office of the political subdivision before January 1 of each year; and

(B) attest to the circulation of the locality newspaper for the issue published nearest to October 1 of the previous year, as determined by an independent audit of the locality newspaper performed for the previous year.

(3) For a qualified publication, by a verified affidavit filed with each governmental agency that has public notices the qualified publication wants to publish. The affidavit must:

(A) be filed with the governmental agency before January 1 of each year; and

(B) attest to the circulation of the qualified publication for the issue published nearest to October 1 of the previous year.

(f) This subsection applies to a towing service acting as an agent of a governmental agency to facilitate the removal of abandoned vehicles or parts. A towing service shall be charged the basic rates charged for all public notice advertising in subsection (b)(4) for providing the notice required under IC 9-22-1-23."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1498 as introduced.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 3.

MILLER D, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Family, Children and Human Affairs, to which was referred House Bill 1532, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between lines 14 and 15, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(3) "Rate year" means the year in which a rate is calculated."

Page 2, line 2, delete "calendar" and insert "rate".

Page 3, line 4, delete "calendar" and insert "rate".

(Reference is to HB 1532 as introduced.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

DEVON, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Family, Children and Human Affairs, to which was referred House Bill 1562, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1562 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.

DEVON, Chair

Report adopted.

HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

House Bill 1039

Representative Judy called down House Bill 1039 for second reading. The bill was read a second time by title. There being no amendments, the bill was ordered engrossed.

Representative Summers, who had been present, is now excused.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

Engrossed House Bill 1004

Representative Lindauer called down Engrossed House Bill 1004 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration and to make an appropriation.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 31: yeas 93, nays 3. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Mishler, Messmer and Holdman.

Engrossed House Bill 1006

Representative Steuerwald called down Engrossed House Bill 1006 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure and to make an appropriation.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 32: yeas 96, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Young, Bray, Freeman and Taylor.

Engrossed House Bill 1008

Representative McNamara called down Engrossed House Bill 1008 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education and to make an appropriation.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 33: yeas 94, nays 2. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Mishler and Messmer.

Engrossed House Bill 1032

Representative Frye called down Engrossed House Bill 1032 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 34: yeas 95, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Houchin.

Engrossed House Bill 1033

Representative Frye called down Engrossed House Bill 1033 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 35: yeas 78, nays 16. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Sandlin.

Engrossed House Bill 1068

Representative Frye called down Engrossed House Bill 1068 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 36: yeas 95, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Koch.

Engrossed House Bill 1072

Representative Sullivan called down Engrossed House Bill 1072 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 37: yeas 95, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Garten.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES**COMMITTEE REPORT**

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1453, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 5, after "(5)" insert "voting".

Page 1, line 8, delete "governor shall appoint the" and insert "chief justice of Indiana or the chief justice's designee serves ex officio as a nonvoting member and as the chairperson of the commission."

Page 1, delete line 9.

Page 2, line 24, delete "chairman" and insert "chairperson".
Page 2, line 34, after "any" insert "voting".
Page 3, line 11, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".
Page 5, line 30, delete "members" and insert "voting members".

Page 5, line 33, delete "members" and insert "voting members".

Page 5, line 39, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".
Page 6, line 2, after "A" insert "voting".

Page 6, line 8, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 6, line 9, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 6, line 16, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 6, line 21, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 6, line 22, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 6, line 23, strike "chairman," and insert "chairperson,".

Page 6, line 24, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 6, line 32, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 6, line 39, after "its" insert "voting".

Page 6, line 39, after "(3)" insert "voting".

Page 9, line 11, strike "the supreme court" and insert "Indiana".

Page 9, line 21, after "(5)" insert "voting".

Page 9, line 39, after "(3)" insert "voting".

Page 9, line 41, after "(2)" insert "voting".

Page 9, line 42, delete "governor shall appoint the chairman of the commission." and insert "chief justice of Indiana or the chief justice's designee serves ex officio as a nonvoting member and as the chairperson of the commission.".

Page 10, line 1, delete "appointees" and insert "voting appointees".

Page 10, line 3, after "A" insert "voting".

Page 10, line 4, delete "A member" and insert "A voting member".

Page 10, line 8, after "nonattorney" insert "voting".

Page 11, line 14, after "Each" insert "voting".

Page 13, line 20, after "attorney" insert "voting".

Page 13, line 22, delete "commissioners" and insert "voting commissioners".

Page 13, line 29, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 13, line 39, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 13, line 40, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 14, line 9, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 14, line 10, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 14, line 11, strike "chairman," and insert "chairperson,".

Page 14, line 12, strike "chairman" and insert "chairperson".

Page 14, line 23, after "(3)" insert "voting".

Page 14, line 34, strike "the supreme court" and insert "Indiana".

Page 14, line 42, after "its" insert "voting".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1453 as introduced.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 6, nays 4.

TORR, Chair

Report adopted.

The Speaker yielded the gavel to the Speaker Pro Tempore, Representative Karickhoff.

The Speaker, who had been present, is now excused.

**ENGROSSED HOUSE BILLS
ON THIRD READING****Engrossed House Bill 1101**

Representative Davisson called down Engrossed House Bill 1101 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning human services.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 38: yeas 93, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Houchin and Grooms.

Engrossed House Bill 1111

Representative Lindauer called down Engrossed House Bill 1111 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning transportation.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 39: yeas 95, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Messmer.

Engrossed House Bill 1119

Representative Davisson called down Engrossed House Bill 1119 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 40: yeas 94, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Buchanan.

Engrossed House Bill 1150

Representative Prescott called down Engrossed House Bill 1150 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 41: yeas 91, nays 2. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Garten and Raatz.

Engrossed House Bill 1152

Representative Leonard called down Engrossed House Bill 1152 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 42: yeas 93, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Boots.

Engrossed House Bill 1156

Representative Morrison called down Engrossed House Bill 1156 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 43: yeas 94, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Jon Ford.

Engrossed House Bill 1191

Representative Pressel called down Engrossed House Bill 1191 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 44: yeas 66, nays 28. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Koch and Bohacek.

Engrossed House Bill 1201

Representative McNamara called down Engrossed House Bill 1201 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 45: yeas 91, nays 3. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Crider.

Engrossed House Bill 1203

Representative McNamara called down Engrossed House Bill 1203 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 46: yeas 93, nays 1. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Crider.

Engrossed House Bill 1220

Representative Soliday called down Engrossed House Bill 1220 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 47: yeas 66, nays 28. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Koch and Messmer.

Representatives Sullivan and VanNatter, who had been present, are now excused.

Engrossed House Bill 1230

Representative Lauer called down Engrossed House Bill 1230 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 48: yeas 92, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Holdman, Grooms, Koch and Houchin.

Representative Sullivan, who had been excused, is now present.

Engrossed House Bill 1238

Representative Heine called down Engrossed House Bill 1238 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 49: yeas 91, nays 2. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Holdman.

The Speaker Pro Tempore yielded the gavel to the Speaker.

Representative VanNatter, who had been excused, is now present.

Engrossed House Bill 1246

Representative Sullivan called down Engrossed House Bill 1246 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 50: yeas 93, nays 1. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Crider.

Engrossed House Bill 1247

Representative Vermilion called down Engrossed House Bill 1247 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 51: yeas 95, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Jon Ford.

Engrossed House Bill 1287

Representative Pressel called down Engrossed House Bill 1287 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 52: yeas 95, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Jon Ford and Koch.

Engrossed House Bill 1169

Representative Karickhoff called down Engrossed House Bill 1169 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 53: yeas 95, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Crider.

Engrossed House Bill 1373

Representative VanNatter called down Engrossed House Bill 1373 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 54: yeas 93, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Zay.

Engrossed House Bill 1420

Representative Lehe called down Engrossed House Bill 1420 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning agriculture and animals.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 55: yeas 94, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Leising and Buchanan.

Engrossed House Bill 1537

Representative DeVon called down Engrossed House Bill 1537 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 56: yeas 93, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Donato.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

With consent of the members, the following bills and joint resolutions on Bill List 10 were read a first time by title and referred to the respective committees:

SB 2 — Slager

Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

OTHER BUSINESS ON THE SPEAKER'S TABLE

Referrals to Ways and Means

The Speaker announced, pursuant to House Rule 127, that House Bill 1416 had been referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Reassignments

The Speaker announced the reassignment of House Bill 1516 from the Committee on Public Health to the Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Pryor be added as coauthor of House Bill 1004.

LINDAUER

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Rule 105.1 be suspended for the purpose of adding more than three coauthors and that Representatives DeLaney, Moed and Morrison be added as coauthors of House Bill 1006.

STEUERWALD

The motion, having been seconded by a constitutional majority and carried by a two-thirds vote of the members, prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Porter be added as coauthor of House Bill 1008.

MCNAMARA

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Davisson and Lehman be added as coauthors of House Bill 1079.

ZENT

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Judy be added as coauthor of House Bill 1156.

MORRISON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Jackson be added as coauthor of House Bill 1247.

VERMILION

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Austin be added as coauthor of House Bill 1432.

LEHMAN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Jacob be added as coauthor of House Resolution 2.

V. SMITH

Motion prevailed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House that the Senate has passed Engrossed Senate Bill 2 and the same is herewith transmitted to the House for further action.

JENNIFER L. MERTZ

Principal Secretary of the Senate

On the motion of Representative Moed, the House adjourned at 6:34 p.m., this second day of February, 2021, until Thursday, February 4, 2021, at 10:00 a.m.

TODD M. HUSTON

Speaker of the House of Representatives

M. CAROLINE SPOTTS

Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives